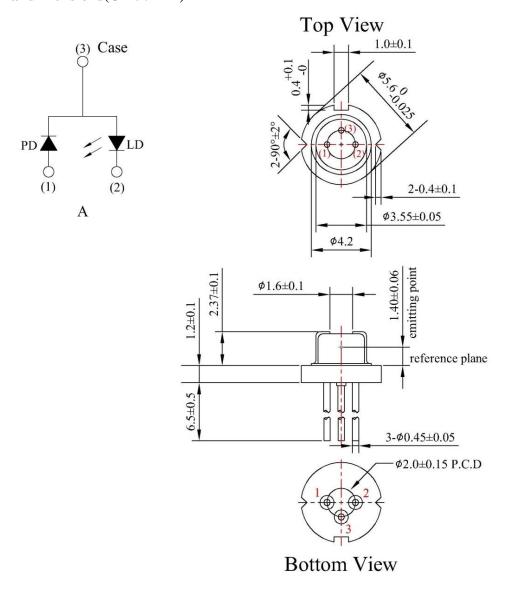
### **Features**

- 1. Peak wavelength at 25°C: 635 nm (typical)
- 2. Standard light output: 5mW (CW)
- 3. TO-18 ( $\phi$  5.6mm) Packaged, cap window without lens, monitor PD inside.

### Applications

- 1. Laser Pointer
- 2. Bar Code Scanner
- 3. Laser Module
- 4. Industrial laser markers
- 5. Survey and engineering instruments

## External dimensions(Unit : mm)





No.156, Gaoshih Rd., Yangmei Township, Taoyuan County 326, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

TEL: 886-3-485-2687 FAX: 886-3-475-4378

E-mail: <a href="mailto:sales@uocnet.com">sales@uocnet.com</a> Website:http://www.uocnet.com

## **■** Absolute Maximum Ratings(Tc=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Optical Output	Po	7	mW	
Reverse Voltage	Vr	2	V	
Operating Temperature (Case)	Тор	-10~+40	$^{\circ}\! \mathbb{C}$	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40~+85	$^{\circ}$ C	

## ■ Electrical and Optical Characteristics(Tc=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Threshold Current		Ith	Po=5mW	-	24	30	mA
Operating Current		Iop	Po=5mW	-	33	40	mA
Operating Voltage		Vop	Po=5mW	-	2.2	2.5	Volts
Slope Efficiency		η	Po=1.25-3.75mW	0.4	0.6	-	mW/mA
Monitor Current		Im	Po=5mW	0.05	0.15	0.3	mA
Beam Divergence	Parallel	$\theta_{{}^{\prime\prime}}$	Po=5mW	6	7.5	11	deg.
(FWHM)	Perpendicular	$ heta$ $_{\perp}$	Po=5mW	30	33	38	deg.
Lasing Wavelength		λ	Po=5mW	630	635	640	nm

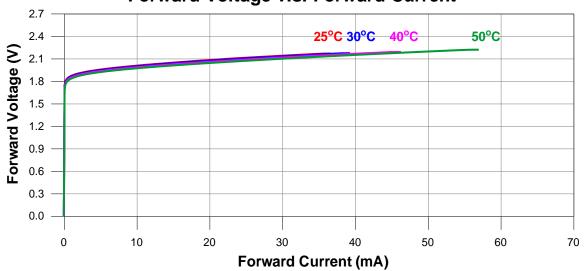
 $<sup>\</sup>bigcirc$   $\theta_{\parallel}$  and  $\theta_{\perp}$  are defined as the angle within which the intensity is 50% of the peak value.

## **■** Typical characteristic curves

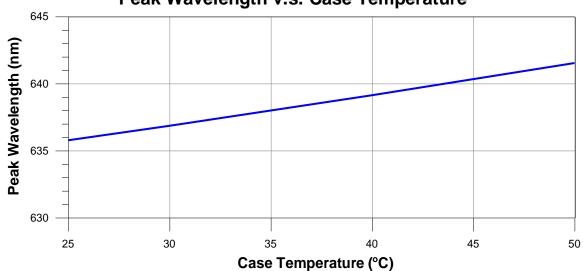
# 

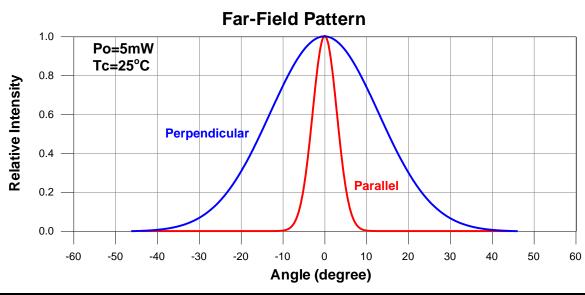






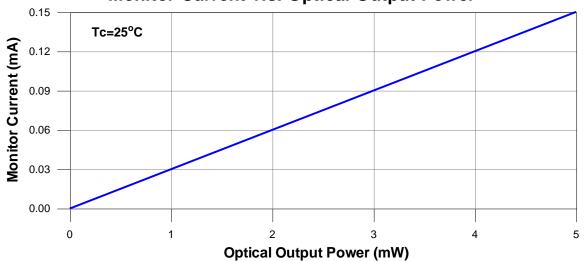
# Peak Wavelength v.s. Case Temperature



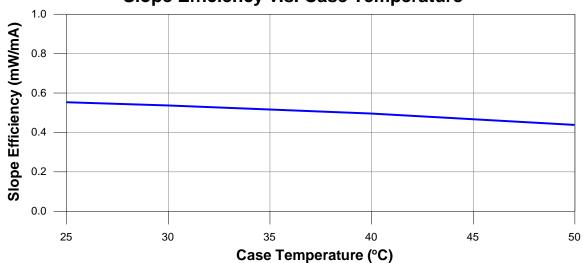




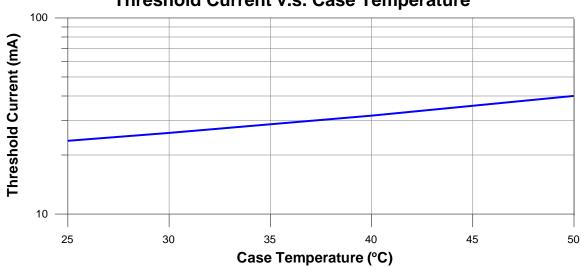




# Slope Efficiency v.s. Case Temperature



# **Threshold Current v.s. Case Temperature**





### Precautions

### **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

After any processing of laser chip or laser diode TO-CAN (LD) by the customer, the performance, yield and reliability of the product, in which the chip or LD is applied, are subject to change due to customer's handling, assembly, testing, and processing. Because laser chip and LD are strongly affected by environmental conditions, physical stress, and chemical stresses imposed by customer that are not in Union Optronics Corp. (UOC) control and hence no guarantee on the characteristics and the reliability at all after the shipment. Also, UOC does not have any responsibility for field failures in a customer product. When attaching a heat sink to laser chip or LD, be careful not to apply excessive force to the device in the process.

### **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

Although Union Optronics Corp. (UOC) keeps improving quality and reliability of its laser chip and laser diode TO-CAN (LD), semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their intrinsic characteristics. Hence, it is required that the customer's products are designed with full regard to safety by incorporating the redundancy, fire prevention, error prevention so that any problems or error with UOC laser chip or LD does not cause any accidents resulting in injury, death, fire, property damage, economic damage, or environmental damage. In case customer wants to use UOC laser chip or LD in the systems requiring high safety, customer is requested to confirm safety of entire systems with customer's own testing.

#### SPECIFICATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

The information provided by Union Optronics Corp. (UOC), including but not limited to technical specifications, recommendations, and application notes relating to laser chip or laser diode TO-CAN (LD) is believed to be reliable and accurate and is subject to change without notice. UOC reserves the right to change its assembly, test, design, form, specification, control, or function without notice.